## **LANTRA**



Employee Rights and Responsibilities (ERR) Workbook for Nursing Assistants in a Veterinary Environment

## Level 2

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#### Dear Apprentice

Congratulations on starting your new Apprenticeship programme. As an apprentice, you will be learning new skills and gaining knowledge that will lead you towards successful completion of the Level 2 Intermediate Apprenticeship

To help you to settle into your Apprenticeship programme, you will take part in an induction programme which will be organised by your employer or training provider. This will help to explain what your new employer's expectations are, what the programme entails, as well as finding out about your employer, its people, services and the legal framework within which it operates.

This workbook will help you find out about the sort of things you need to know when starting your Apprenticeship, including for example:

- What the law says and how it affects you in your job
- Where you can go for help and advice
- How you can move on within your career.

All of these things, plus many more besides, are covered within this workbook.

In some cases, information will be given in the workbook. In other cases you will be given a website address or other contact for where you can find more detailed information.

You might want to go through this workbook by yourself, but you will probably want to talk about some of the things with a friend, colleague, supervisor, manager or your training provider.

You will also be asked a number of questions throughout the workbook. It is important that you answer these questions correctly as you will not be able to complete your Apprenticeship unless you do. Your assessor or manager will check your answers. Once finished make sure the completion sheet at the back of the workbook is signed by you and your employer or assessor.

Good luck with your programme.

The Lantra Apprenticeship Team



# **Employment Rights and Responsibilities Workbook for Nursing Assistants in a Veterinary Environment Apprenticeship**July 2012

## **Contents**

Section 1 – Introduction	6
What is an Apprenticeship?	6
What will you have to do to complete your Apprenticeship?	6
What is expected of you?	
What if I need extra help and support?	7
Do you have any questions?	
Who is Lantra?	8
What is the land-based and environmental sector?	8
Did you know?	9
Section 2 – The company	10
Contracts of Employment	
Task 1	12
Section 3 – You and the law	14
Employment and other associated legislation	14
Health and safety legislation (responsibility and duty of employers)	16
Task 2	20
Section 4 – Your industry	22
The nursing assistants in a veterinary environment industry	22
Facts and figures	22
Did you know?	22
Job roles	23
Career information and advice	23
Key industry contacts	23
Training and qualifications	24
Task 3	25
Section 5 – Employment Rights and Responsibilities (ERR) completion sheet	27



## Section 1 – Introduction

## What is an Apprenticeship?

Apprenticeships are nationally recognised training schemes which combine practical work experience through employment with learning and training, both on and off-the-job.

Apprenticeships involve a partnership approach between apprentices, employers and training providers. They are designed by industry, developed by businesses, training providers and Sector Skills Councils, and are therefore tailored to meet the needs of each specific sector.

Apprenticeships are available to anyone from the age of 16 who is not in full-time education. However, some Apprenticeships may be subject to minimum entry requirements.

# What will you have to do to complete your Apprenticeship?

## **Intermediate Apprenticeship**

If you are doing an Intermediate Apprenticeship you will need to complete the following qualifications and training:

#### **Competence qualification:**

• Level 2 Diploma for Veterinary Care Assistants

OR

Level 2 Diploma for Work-based Animal Nursing Assistants

OR

- Level 2 Diploma for Veterinary Nursing Assistants
- **The knowledge aspect** will be independent assessment of units within the competence qualification.
- Key Skills

Application of Number Level 1
Communication Level 1

OR

Functional Skills

Maths Level 1 English Level 1

• Employee Rights and Responsibilities Workbook.

#### Personal Learning and Thinking Skills (PLTS)

- Record of Achievement

Your employer may ask you to do some other training as well depending on what tasks you need to do.

If you are successful in completing the Intermediate Apprenticeship, you may then want to go on to do further training such as specialist technical training or the Level 3 Diploma in Veterinary Nursing, Advanced Apprenticeship/Apprenticeship.

## What is expected of you?

You will be expected among other things to:

- Turn up on time
- Comply with the company's policies and procedures
- Undertake the work as requested by your employer
- Complete assessments/training as required
- Attend college or training centre
- Look after the health and safety of yourself and your colleagues
- Respect the personal dignity of others
- Provide a high level of care to veterinary patients.

## What if I need extra help and support?

If you need extra support to complete your Apprenticeship then you must speak to your training provider who will give you advice and support about:

#### Access to Work

The Access to Work (ATW) Scheme is a Government scheme designed to provide practical help to overcome the barriers that people with a disability or health condition experience in the workplace. Through this scheme the Government will either pay for, or make a substantial grant towards, the costs of additional support needed as a result of a disability or health condition. This is essential to enable many people to find or stay in employment.

#### Additional Learning Support

For those individuals who are dyslexic and/or disabled, your training provider should give you access to confidential learning support information, advice and support. This may include referrals for dyslexia assessments and/or access to supportive technology.

## Do you have any questions?

If you are unsure of anything about your Apprenticeship you should first speak to your employer or training provider/college. If they are unable to help you then you can always contact the National Apprenticeship service <a href="www.apprenticeships.org.uk">www.apprenticeships.org.uk</a> or Lantra's helpline on 0845 707 8007 between 9am – 5pm Monday to Friday or email <a href="mailto:apprenticeships@lantra.co.uk">apprenticeships@lantra.co.uk</a>.

## Who is Lantra?

Lantra is the Sector Skills Council for the land-based and environmental sector. To find out more about what we do, go to our website where you will find lots of useful information: <a href="https://www.lantra.co.uk">www.lantra.co.uk</a>.

Lantra is the organisation that is responsible for this Apprenticeship.

#### What is the land-based and environmental sector?

The industry you will be working in is one of a range of industries within what is called the land-based and environmental sector. The sector includes:

Land management and production Animal health and welfare		Environmental industries
<ul> <li>Agriculture</li> <li>Aquaculture</li> <li>Fencing</li> <li>Floristry</li> <li>Land-based engineering</li> <li>Production horticulture</li> <li>Trees and timber.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Animal care</li> <li>Animal technology</li> <li>Equine</li> <li>Farriery</li> <li>Veterinary activities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Environmental conservation</li> <li>Fisheries management</li> <li>Game and wildlife management</li> <li>Landscaping (including sports turf).</li> </ul>

## Did you know?

- The industries within the sector look after around 85% of all the land within the United Kingdom
- There are approximately 1,126,660 people who work within the land-based and environmental industries, with another 500,000 people who volunteer
- There are around 230,000 businesses within the sector which equates to approximately 9% of all UK businesses
- Many of these businesses are called micro-businesses as they employ fewer than ten workers each.

To find out more about the industry you will be working in, check out Section 4.

## **Section 2 – The company**

This section is about your job role, what your employer expects from you and what you can expect from your employer.

## **Contracts of Employment**

When you start work for an employer, you will receive written information about what is expected of you, and what you can expect from your employer. This information is your Contract of Employment and should be explained to you at your induction. Some of the areas usually covered within a Contract of Employment are included in the table below.

Area	Description
Job description	What your job is and the tasks you will be expected to do.
Pay	How much you will be paid (e.g. per hour, per week, per month or per year).  When you will be paid.
Hours of work	How many hours a day or a week you are expected to work. Flexible working hours, if applicable. Overtime arrangements.
Holiday	How many hours, days or weeks you may take as time off for holiday.
Sickness	How much time you may take off for sickness. Reporting sickness. When to get a sick note from the doctor. How much you will be paid when off sick.
Code of conduct	Your employer may ask you to wear a uniform or to dress in a certain way. You may also be expected to behave in a certain way, for example being polite to customers or other staff, turning up for work on time. Whether or not you are allowed to smoke on the premises.
Maternity and paternity leave	If you are about to have a baby, you will be allowed time off when the baby is born.
Grievance procedure	If you are unhappy about something that has happened to you at work, your employer should have a system for dealing with this.
Disciplinary	Your employer will have a system for dealing with any member of staff

procedure	who misbehaves. For example, the employer may issue a verbal warning, followed by a written warning, followed by dismissal. This will depend on the nature of the offence and on the behaviour of the person who has committed the offence. Everyone has a right to representation at a disciplinary meeting.
Harassment or bullying	Your employer should have a system in place for dealing with harassment or bullying among the staff.
Health and safety	Your employer should have a health and safety policy, and this may well be presented within the Contract of Employment.
Equal opportunities	Your employer should have an equality and diversity policy, and this may well be presented within the Contract of Employment.

Task 1
You now need to answer all of the following questions:
1. What do you do if you are unable to go to work because you are unwell?
(Notes for assessors: can describe and work within their organisation's principles and codes of practice. Knows and understands the procedures and documentation in their organisation which recognises and protects their relationship with their employer)
2. What is the maximum number of hours per week you can be asked to work?
(Notes for assessors: knows and understands the range of employer and employee statutory rights and responsibilities under employment law and that employment rights can be covered by other legislation as well. This should cover apprentice's rights and responsibilities under the Equality Act 2010, Working Time Regulations and health and safety, together with the responsibilities and duties of employers)
3. Where can you find out information on your employment rights?
(Notes for assessors: knows and understands the range of sources of information and advice available to them on their employment rights and responsibilities)
4. Describe how the company's grievance procedure works?
(Notes for assessors: can describe and work within their organisation's principles and codes of practice)

5. Explain why it is important to inform your employer of any changes to your personal information?
(Notes for assessors: knows and understands the procedures and documentation in their organisation which recognises and protects their relationship with their employer)
6. Where can you find out information about Access to Work?
(Notes for assessors: knows and understands the range of sources of information and advice available to them on their employment rights and responsibilities. Details of Access to Work and Additional Learning Support must be included)
7. Who might you approach to find out more about Additional Learning Support?
(Notes for assessors: knows and understands the range of sources of information and advice available to them on their employment rights and responsibilities. Details of Access to Work and Additional Learning Support must be included)

## Section 3 – You and the law

There are laws that exist to protect you and all employees from unfair treatment at work. Some of them are summarised below. Please be aware that the below were applicable at the time of the workbook development. However, legislation is updated and so there may be more up-to-date amendments/legislation available.

## **Employment and other associated legislation**

Please note: the legislation listed in this section is set by the UK Government but there may be some differences in the legislation depending upon national rules for England, Northern Ireland, Scotland and Wales.

Legislation	Key points
Equality Act 2010	It is unlawful to directly or indirectly discriminate against anyone, harass them or insult their personal dignity. This Act brings together and strengthens nine previous pieces of legislation including those on disability, sex (gender), race and other grounds of discrimination, including: age, religion and belief, sexual orientation, gender reassignment, pregnancy and maternity, marriage and civil partnership.
Data Protection (Amendment) Act 2003	This Act covers all information held about individuals by an employer. The Act covers both computerised and manual records. The information must be held in a secure place and should not be available to unauthorised people.
Employment Act 2008 (Flexible Working Regulations)	This makes changes to maternity, paternity and adoption rights in the Employment Rights Act 1996. For example, employees who are parents are allowed to request flexible working arrangements.
Employment Relations Act 2004	This enables employees to be accompanied by a trade union official or colleague at a disciplinary or grievance hearing.
Employment Act 2002	This entitles employees to certain rights including:  • Maternity leave  • Unpaid time off to care for a dependant  • A statement of employment particulars  • An itemised pay statement

Legislation	Key points
	<ul> <li>A minimum period of notice on termination of employment</li> <li>Redundancy payment</li> <li>Written statement of reasons for dismissal.</li> </ul>
Human Rights Act 1998	This incorporates rights under the European Convention of Human Rights into domestic law. Individuals can bring claims under the Human Rights Act against public authorities for breaches of Convention rights. UK courts and tribunals are required to interpret domestic law, as far as possible, in accordance with Convention rights.
National Minimum Wage Act 1998	Workers must not be paid less than a designated minimum rate per hour.
National Minimum Wage Regulations 1999	These contain detailed rules as to who qualifies for the national minimum wage.
Part-time Workers Regulations 2000	These give part-time workers the right not to be treated less favourably than comparable full-time workers unless the difference in treatment is objectively justifiable.
Protection from Harassment Act 1997	It is unlawful to harass someone. Individuals can claim damages and/or seek a court order to stop the harasser from continuing the harassment. In certain circumstances under this law bullying becomes an offence of harassment.
Working Time (Amendment) Regulations 2003	<ul> <li>These include:</li> <li>Maximum average of 48 hours per week (with exceptions)</li> <li>Daily and weekly rest breaks</li> <li>Special provisions relating to night work.</li> </ul>

Several organisations offer further information, help and advice on matters relating to the legislation listed above. Here are some examples:

- National Minimum Wage helpline: telephone 0800 917 2368
- Advice and guidance on employment rights can be found at: <a href="www.direct.gov.uk">www.direct.gov.uk</a>
- Details of information relating to equal opportunities: <a href="www.eoc.org.uk">www.eoc.org.uk</a> or telephone 0845 604 6610
- Citizens Advice: <u>www.citizensadvice.org.uk</u>
- Full current details on all aspects of entitlements for citizens: <u>www.direct.gov.uk/en/index.htm.</u>

## **Veterinary Related Legislation**

Legislation	Key points
Veterinary Surgeons Act	The Veterinary Surgeons Act regulates the industry for both Veterinary Surgeons and Nurses, all of which are required to be registered with the Royal College of Veterinary Nurses.
Animal Welfare Act 2006	A key aspect of the Act is that it now provides a legal duty of care to all pet owners to meet the five welfare needs of their pets. The law now also applies to those who are responsible for animals, such as those that breed animals or keep working animals.
	The five welfare needs This means pet owners are now legally obliged to care for their pet properly - which most owners already do - by providing these five basic needs:  •somewhere suitable to live •a proper diet, including fresh water •the ability to express normal behaviour •for any need to be housed with, or apart
	from, other animals  •protection from, and treatment of, illness and injury.
Provisions of Ionising Radiation Regulations 1999	These regulations relate to protecting the public and workers against the dangers of ionising radiation.
Veterinary Medicines Regulations	This relates to the use of any substance or combination of substances that may be used in or administered to animals or as having properties for treating or preventing disease in animals.
Veterinary Medicines Directorate (VMD) VMD Code of Practice	The VMD is responsible for the authorisation and control of the manufacture and marketing of animal medicines and for surveillance for residues of animal medicines in meat and other animal products.

# Health and safety legislation (responsibility and duty of employers)

There are a lot of laws that have been developed in order to protect you and everyone else at your place of work. In some cases, laws have been created as a direct result of accidents that have happened to people.

A very brief overview of many of these laws is given below, but for full details of each law you will need to refer to other sources of information. One of the best sources of information is the Health and Safety Executive, website address <a href="https://www.hse.gov.uk">www.hse.gov.uk</a> telephone 0845 345 0055.

Legislation	Key points
Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974  Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999  Corporate Manslaughter and Homicide Act 2007 (covers death by neglect at work)  Safeguarding Vulnerable Groups Act 2006 (covers those under 18 and vulnerable adults)	Employers must ensure, so far as is reasonably practicable, the health, safety and welfare of employees and any other people who may be affected by what they do.  In order to do this, employers must be aware of any risks associated with the work, and must remove or control these risks. Staff can help by telling their employers about any aspects of their job that could be dangerous.  There must be procedures to follow in the event of an emergency.  When working alone it is the employer's duty to assess risks to lone workers and take steps to avoid or control risks where necessary. Employees have responsibilities to take reasonable care of themselves and other people affected by their work and to co-operate with their employers in meeting their legal obligations.
Health and Safety (Consultation with Employees) Regulations 1996	Employers must talk to their staff about health and safety matters, for example about work equipment, procedures and training.
Personal Protective Equipment Regulations 2002	Where risks to health and safety cannot be adequately controlled by other means, suitable personal protective equipment (PPE) must be provided. Any PPE must be appropriate for the risks and maintained properly. Users must be trained in its use.
The Control of Substances	Employers must assess and control the risks

Legislation	Key points
Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002	from hazardous substances. They must also check that the control measures are effective and tell their staff about the risks and precautions needed.
The Lifting Operations and Lifting Equipment Regulations 1998	All lifting equipment must be thoroughly examined and marked, and all lifting operations must be properly organised.
The Provision and Use of Work Equipment Regulations 1998	All equipment used at work must be suitable for the task, properly maintained, with dangerous parts safeguarded. Staff using the equipment must be adequately instructed. The equipment must be stable, and stop controls, including emergency stops, must be provided.
The Manual Handling Operations Regulations 1992	If manual handling operations cannot be avoided, steps must be taken to reduce the risk of injury.
The Health and Safety (First Aid) Regulations 1981	Adequate arrangements must be in place for first aid.
The Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations 1995	Certain accidents, incidents and occupational diseases must be reported to the Health and Safety Executive within specified time limits.
The Control of Noise at Work Regulations 2005	Employers must assess the risks from exposure to noise at work and take action when workers' daily exposure reaches certain levels.
The Electricity at Work Regulations 1989	Precautions must be taken against the risk of death or injury from electricity. Electrical equipment must be safe and properly maintained.
The Health and Safety (Young Persons) Regulations 1997	Employers must make sure that their risk assessment for employed young people under the age of 18 takes full account of their inexperience, immaturity and lack of awareness of relevant risks.
The Confined Spaces Regulations	Avoid working in a confined space. If you have to

Legislation	Key points		
1997	work in a confined space, follow a safe system of work and make arrangements in case something goes wrong.		
The Health and Safety (Safety Signs and Signals) Regulations 1996	Safety signs must be displayed where there is a significant risk to health and safety not controlled by other methods.		
Hazardous waste	Hazardous waste is waste which is harmful to people, the environment or animals, either immediately or over an extended period of time. This could include waste which is toxic, carcinogenic, infectious or eco-toxic.		

Working in the environmental and land-based sector often involves lone working or working with large equipment and machinery, which can lead to accidents and it is therefore essential that you think carefully about the jobs that you do and how you can do them safely. Your employer will instruct you or give you training for some of the jobs you do, but you are also responsible for your own safety and that of your colleagues.

Task 2
You now need to answer the following questions:
1. Give one example of a health and safety regulation which applies to your workplace:
(Notes for assessors: knows and understands the range of employer and employee statutory rights and responsibilities under employment law and that employment rights can be covered by other legislation as well. This should cover apprentice's rights and responsibilities under the Equality Act 2010 and health and safety, together with the responsibilities and duties of employers)
2. Give two examples of how you can work with your employer in reducing risks to health and safety at work?
(Notes for assessors: knows and understands the range of employer and employee statutory rights and responsibilities under employment law and that employment rights can be covered by other legislation as well. This should cover apprentice's rights and responsibilities under the Equality Act 2010 and health and safety, together with the responsibilities and duties of employers)
3. What do you do if you have an accident?
(Notes for assessors: knows and understands the procedures and documentation in their organisation which recognises and protects their relationship with their employer. Health and safety and equality and diversity training must be an integral part of the apprentice's learning programme)
4. Explain what you would do if a fire was to break out at your work place?
(Notes for assessors: knows and understands the procedures and documentation in their organisation which recognises and protects their relationship with their employer. Health and safety and equality and diversity training must be an integral part of the apprentice's learning programme)

5. Name two pieces of legislation that can affect your employment?
(Notes for assessors: knows and understands the range of employer and employee statutory rights and responsibilities under employment law and that employment rights can be covered by other legislation as well)
6. There are many areas of discrimination. List six of them:
(Notes for assessors: knows and understands the procedures and documentation in their organisation which recognises and protects their relationship with their employer. Health and safety and equality and diversity training must be an integral part of the apprentice's learning programme)
7. What do you do if you are the victim of discrimination in the workplace?
(Notes for assessors: knows and understands the procedures and documentation in their organisation which recognises and protects their relationship with their employer. Health and safety and equality and diversity training must be an integral part of the apprentice's learning programme)
8. Give an example of what your employer must do if you have a disability?
(Notes for assessors: knows and understands the range of employer and employee statutory rights and responsibilities under employment law and that employment rights can be covered by other legislation as well. This should cover apprentice's rights and responsibilities under the Equality Act 2010 and health and safety, together with the responsibilities and duties of employers)
9. Who can you contact for information and advice on:
Discrimination?
Pay?
Employment rights?
Disability?

## **Section 4 – Your industry**

## The veterinary activities industry

As a member of a veterinary care team your role will involve some important aspects of animal care on a daily basis including cleaning, feeding, handling and exercise. Animal nursing assistants work mainly with domestic animals such as dogs, cats, rabbits and caged birds, although they may also work with other animals including exotic species such as snakes, which are becoming increasingly popular as pets. With the change in the Animal Welfare Act there is now an even greater need for everyone working in animal care to continue to train in animal health and welfare. People working in animal care will need to keep up-to-date with codes of practice, duty of care as well as potential areas of secondary legislation.

## **Facts and figures**

- There were 4,562 premises on the Register of Veterinary Practice Premises in 2011
- 92% of veterinary practices have five or fewer employees

## Did you know?

- A dog's heart beats between 70 and 120 times a minute, compared with a human heart which beats 70 to 80 times a minute
- Vaccinations against canine distemper, parvovirus, leptospirosis, infectious canine hepatitis and para influenza are given by injection under the skin, usually at the back of the neck.
- Coccidiosis is an infection of the intestinal tract caused by a single cell parasite.
   All livestock species, as well as wild animals, can be infected and it is especially prevalent when animals or birds are grouped together in significant numbers.
- Dogs have about 100 different facial expressions, most of them made with the ears. In some breeds, intensive breeding has reduced the range of expressions.
- Giving dogs chocolate could be fatal for them, because theobromine, an
  ingredient in chocolate, stimulates the central nervous system and cardiac
  muscle. About 1.1kg of milk chocolate or just 146 g of cooking chocolate (which
  has more theobromine per gram) could kill a 22kg dog
- A cat (230) has more bones than a human (206)
- Cats eat grass to aid digestion and help them get rid of fur in their stomachs
- Cats have the largest eyes of any mammal relative to their body size
- A guinea pig's teeth constantly grow, so they need an appropriate chew toy to keep teeth properly worn down.

#### **Job roles**

There are many types of jobs available in the animal care assistants industry. Here are a few examples:

Related jobs at Level 2  Brief description of responsibilities:	
Veterinary Care Assistant/ Animal Nursing Assistant	Nursing Assistants in a veterinary environment aid with the care of animals under direction of qualified veterinary staff. The work involves the provision of basic veterinary care, including handling animals, care of accommodation, provision of food and water and assisting in veterinary procedures

For more details about these, progression opportunities and other jobs in the industry go to <a href="www.lantra.co.uk/careers">www.lantra.co.uk/careers</a> where you will find information about the skills and qualifications you may need to progress in the company and/or industry.

#### Career information and advice

To find out more about possible career and training opportunities you could contact one of the following:

- Connexions: www.connexions-direct.com
- National Careers Service: <a href="https://nationalcareersservice.direct.gov.uk">https://nationalcareersservice.direct.gov.uk</a>
- Careers Wales: <u>www.careerswales.com</u>
- Northern Ireland Careers service: www.careersserviceni.com.

## **Key industry contacts**

For further information about the industry you can check out:

- Royal College of Veterinary Surgeons (RCVS): <u>www.rcvs.org.uk</u>
- The British Veterinary Nursing Association (BVNA): <a href="www.bvna.org.uk">www.bvna.org.uk</a>
- Royal Society for the Protection against Cruelty to Animals (RSPCA): www.rscpa.org.uk
- Blue Cross: www.bluecross.org.uk
- The British Veterinary Nursing Association (BVNA): <a href="www.bvna.org.uk">www.bvna.org.uk</a>
- British Small Animal Veterinary Association (BSAVA): <a href="www.bsava.com">www.bsava.com</a>
- British Equine Veterinary Association (BEVA): <u>www.beva.org.uk</u>
- British Veterinary Association (BVA): <u>www.bva.co.uk</u>
- The Health and Safety Executive: <a href="https://www.hse.gov.uk">www.hse.gov.uk</a>
- Lantra: www.lantra.co.uk

## **Training and qualifications**

For details of all qualifications listed on the qualifications and credit framework: <a href="http://register.ofgual.gov.uk/">http://register.ofgual.gov.uk/</a>.

You may also find out more information on other courses and training opportunities through:

- Lantra: www.lantra.co.uk
- Lantra Coursefinder: www.lantracoursefinder.co.uk
- Lantra Awards: www.lantra-awards.co.uk
- Land-based colleges: www.landex.org.uk
- City and Guilds land-based services (Previously NPTC): www.cityandquilds.com
- ABC Awards: <u>www.abcawards.co.uk.</u>

The following sites will provide you with details of other qualifications that you may wish to consider when you have finished your Apprenticeship:

- Foundation Degrees: <a href="http://www.direct.gov.uk">http://www.direct.gov.uk</a>
- Land-based colleges: <u>www.landex.org.uk</u>
- UCAS: www.ucas.ac.uk.

Task 3
You now need to answer all of the following questions:
<ol> <li>Draw a structure chart of your organisation, workplace or department, include your name and job title</li> </ol>
(Notes for assessors: understands the role played by their occupation within their organisation and industry)

2. Describe two things you have to do as part of your job and explain why they are important?
(Notes for assessors: understands the role played by their occupation within their organisation and
industry)
3. Give an example of how an aspect of your work may cause concern to the public?
(Notes for assessors: recognises and can form a view on issues of public concern that affect their organisation and industry)
4. Name two jobs that might be open to you if you complete your Apprenticeship?
5. What other related training/qualifications could you do when you have completed your Apprenticeship?
(Notes for assessors: has an informed view of the types of career pathways that are open to them)
6. Name two organisations that are associated with your industry and explain what they do and why they are important?
(Notes for assessors: knows the types of representative bodies and understands their relevance to their industry and organisation, and their main roles and responsibilities)
7. Where can you go to get information and advice on:
The industry?
Your job?
Training?
Careers?  (Notes for assessors: knows where and how to get information and advice on their industry, occupation, training and career)

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# Section 5 – Employee Rights and Responsibilities (ERR) completion sheet

Employee Rights and Responsibilities is a mandatory component of all Apprenticeship frameworks. A copy of Section 5 should be kept in the apprentice's portfolio and then submitted to Lantra on the Apprenticeship Certificates England (ACE) system when applying for an Apprenticeship Framework Completion Certificate (please complete all sections in BLOCK CAPITALS). If you have not yet registered for ACE please contact Lantra at <a href="mailto:apprenticeships@lantra.co.uk">apprenticeships@lantra.co.uk</a>.

Complete and return:				
Name of Apprentice	Name of Training Provider/Employer			
Apprenticeship Framework:				
☐ Nursing Assistants in a Veterinary Setting Intermediate Apprenticeship				
The following tasks have been completed satisfactorily:				
Task Number Assessor's Name	Assessor's Signature Date			

The Apprentice has completed the following nine national outcomes satisfactorily:

1. Knows and understands the range of employer and employee statutory rights and responsibilities under employment law. This should cover the apprentice's rights and responsibilities under the Employment Rights Act 1996, Equality Act 2010 and health and safety legislation, together with the responsibilities and duties of employers

- 2. Knows and understands the procedures and documentation in their organisation, which recognise and protect their relationship with their employer. Health and safety and equality and diversity training must be an integral part of the apprentice's learning programme
- 3. Knows and understands the range of sources of information and advice available to them on their employment rights and responsibilities. Details of Access to Work and Additional Learning Support must be included in the programme
- 4. Understands the role played by their occupation within their organisation and industry
- 5. Has an informed view of the types of career pathways that are open to them
- 6. Knows the types of representative bodies and understands their relevance to their skill, trade or occupation, and their main roles and responsibilities
- 7. Knows where and how to get information and advice on their industry, occupation, training and career
- 8. Can describe and work within their organisation's principles of conduct and codes of practice
- 9. Recognises and can form a view on issues of public concern that affect their organisation and industry.

Apprentice's name:		Signature:	Date:	Date of birth:
Employer's name:		Employer's signature:	Date:	
College/Training name:	Provider's	Provider's signature:	Date:	

Lantra will issue a completion certificate for this apprentice when the signed completion statement together with copies of all the evidence required are submitted to Lantra on ACE (please refer to the relevant Framework document).

## Lantra

Lantra is the Sector Skills Council supporting skills, training and workforce development for businesses in the environmental and land-based sector. We are committed to helping everyone access the training, qualifications, skills and knowledge they need for business success and to develop their career.

We are an independent, UK-wide organisation that is owned and managed by our industries, which are grouped around land management and production, animal health and welfare and environmental industries.

We lead the way in understanding our industries' future skills and business needs. We work together with trade organisations, unions, training providers, governments and many more to maximise investment in skills.

www.lantra.co.uk 024 7669 6996



